

Characterising our Universe with REFLEX cluster survey

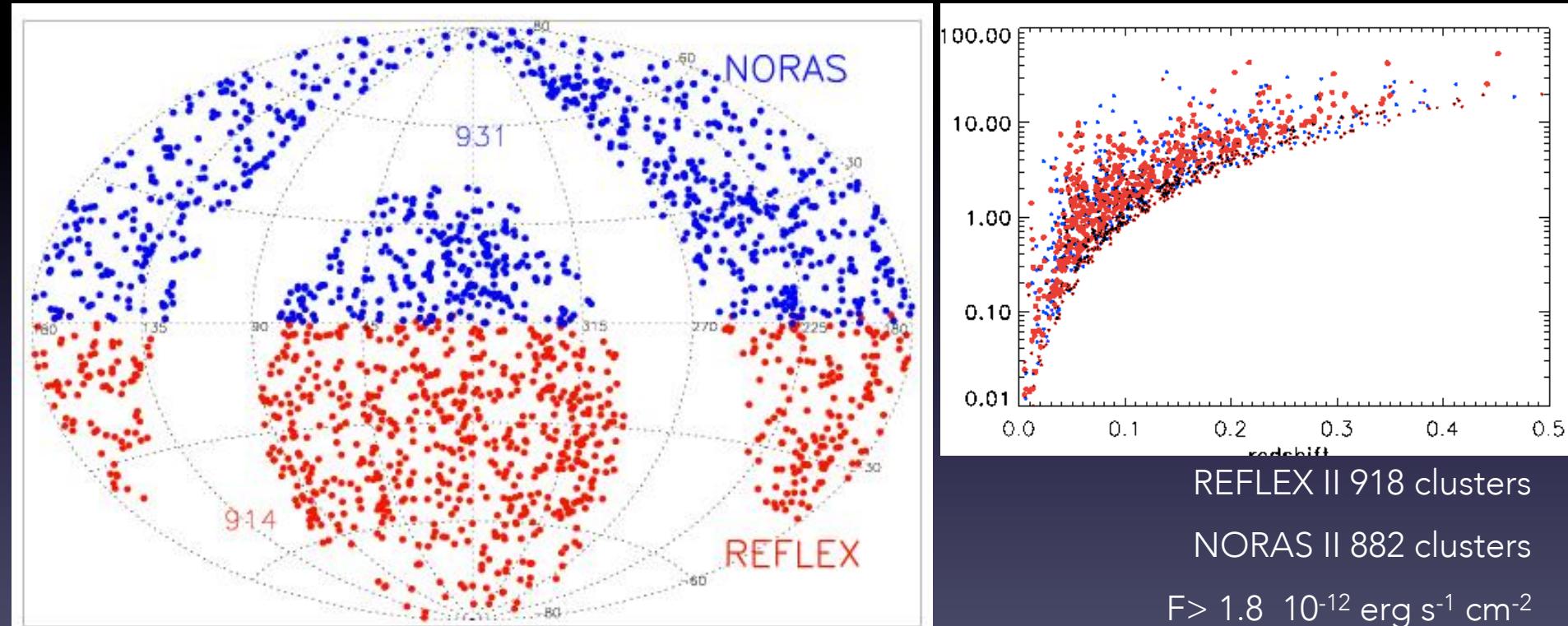
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Recent results from REFLEX II

- Cosmological constraints [Böhringer+ 2013, 2014]
- LSS probed by superclusters [Chon+ 2013, 2014]
- Local (under-)density [Böhringer+, in prep.]

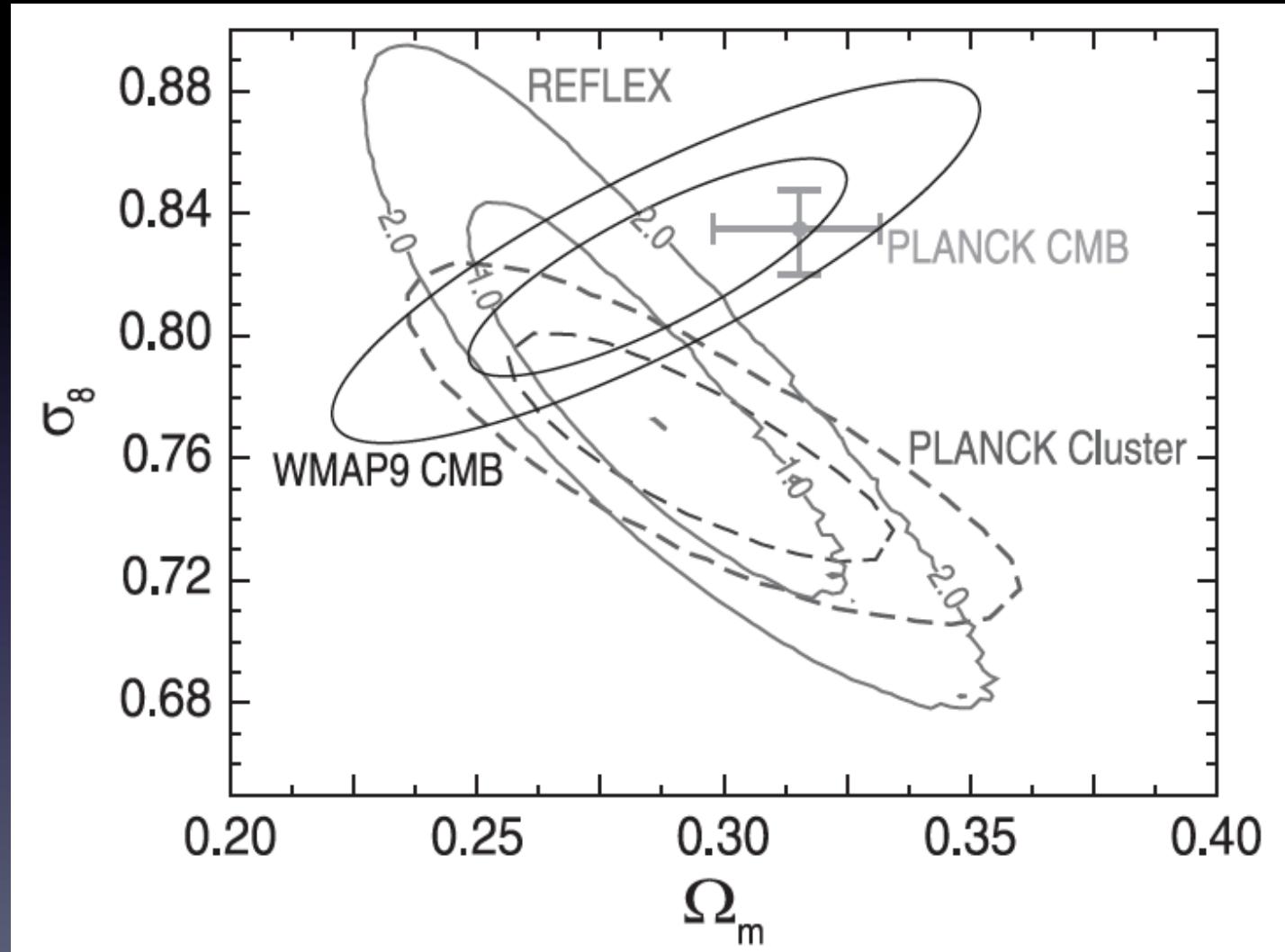
ROSAT-ESO flux-limited (REFLEX) X-ray cluster survey [P.I. Hans Böhringer]



Böhringer et al. 2000, 2001, 2004, 2012
Chon & Böhringer, 2012

REFLEX I: 18 runs La Silla
REFLEX II: 9 runs ESO 3.6m/NTT
NORAS: 10 runs C.A. 2 runs K.P.

REFLEX II cosmological constraints



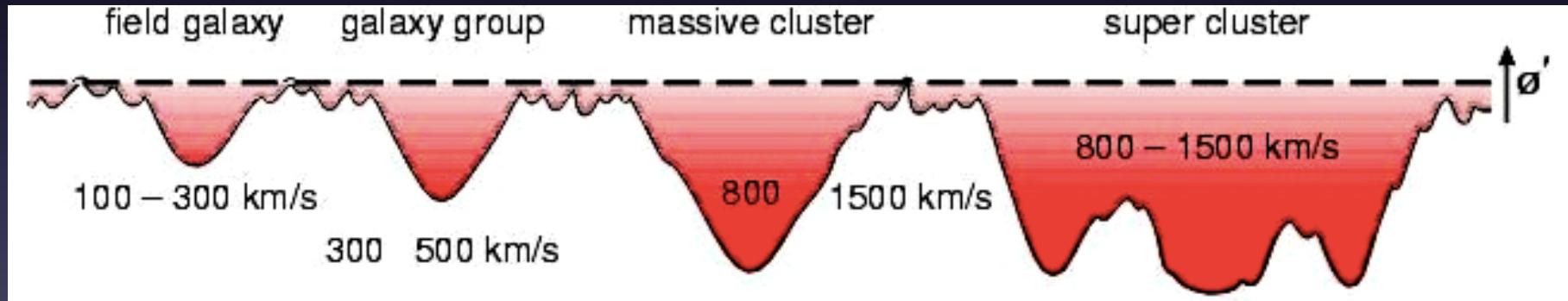
$$\Omega_m = 0.27 \pm 0.03$$

$$\sigma_8 = 0.80 \pm 0.03$$

$$\Omega_m = 0.29 \pm 0.04$$

$$\sigma_8 = 0.77 \pm 0.07$$

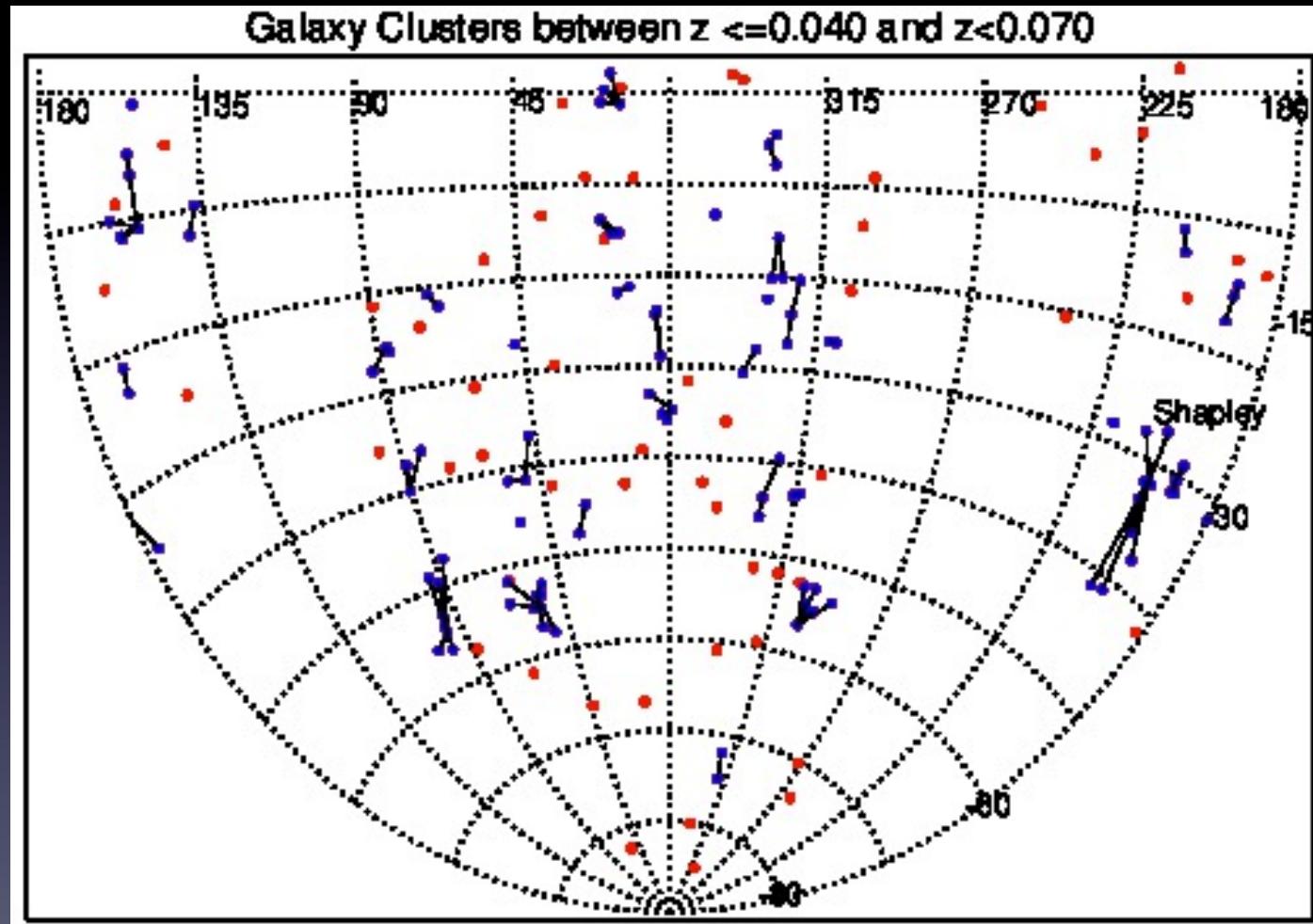
X-ray superclusters as a probe of the large-scale structure (LSS)



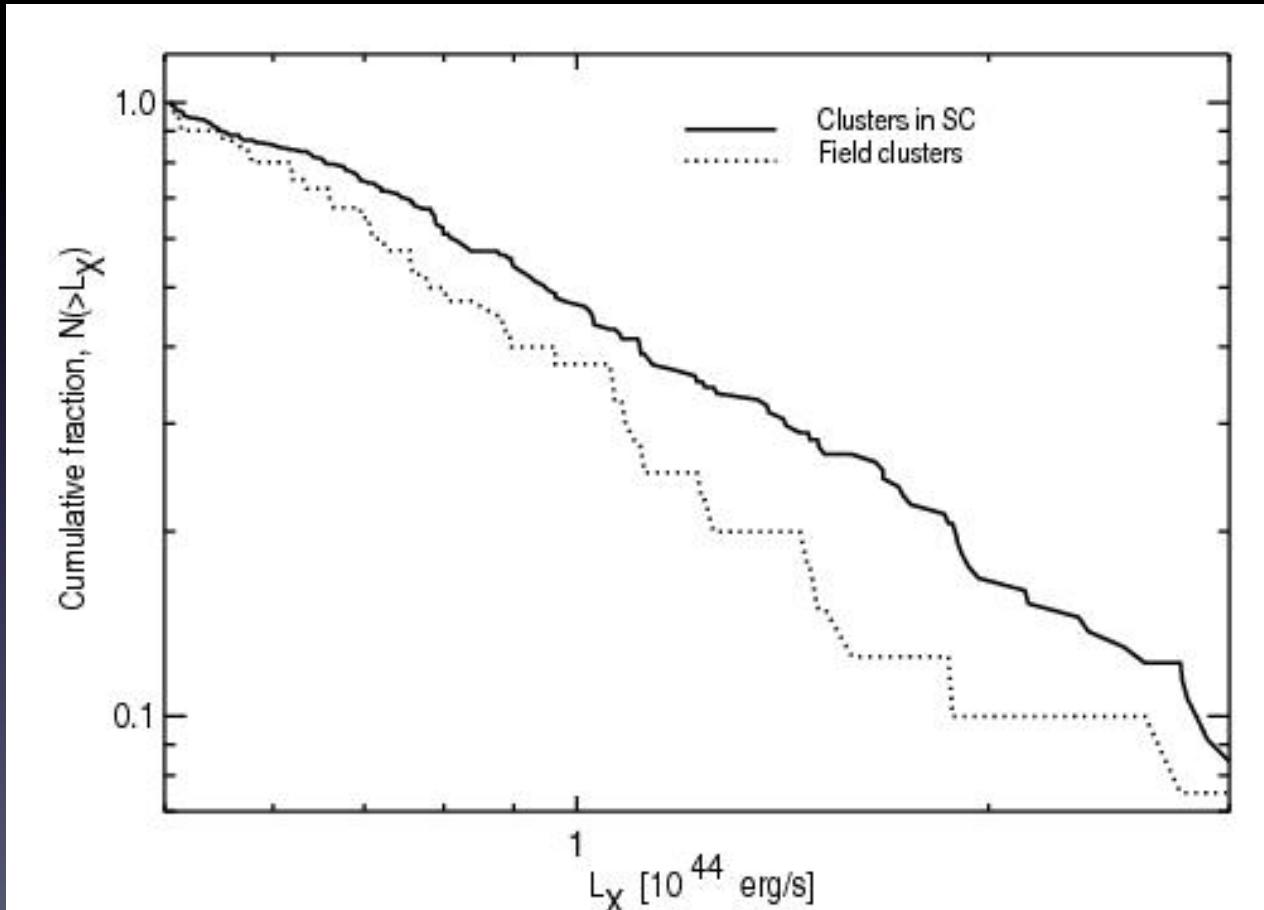
A few remarks

- Well-understood selection of clusters: can address issues quantitatively, e.g. simulations.
- Using a friends-of-friends algorithm – linking length
- Characterise the largest, not collapsed objects and understand physical properties, cluster properties.
- N-body simulation – apply selection criteria to select halos, testing concepts

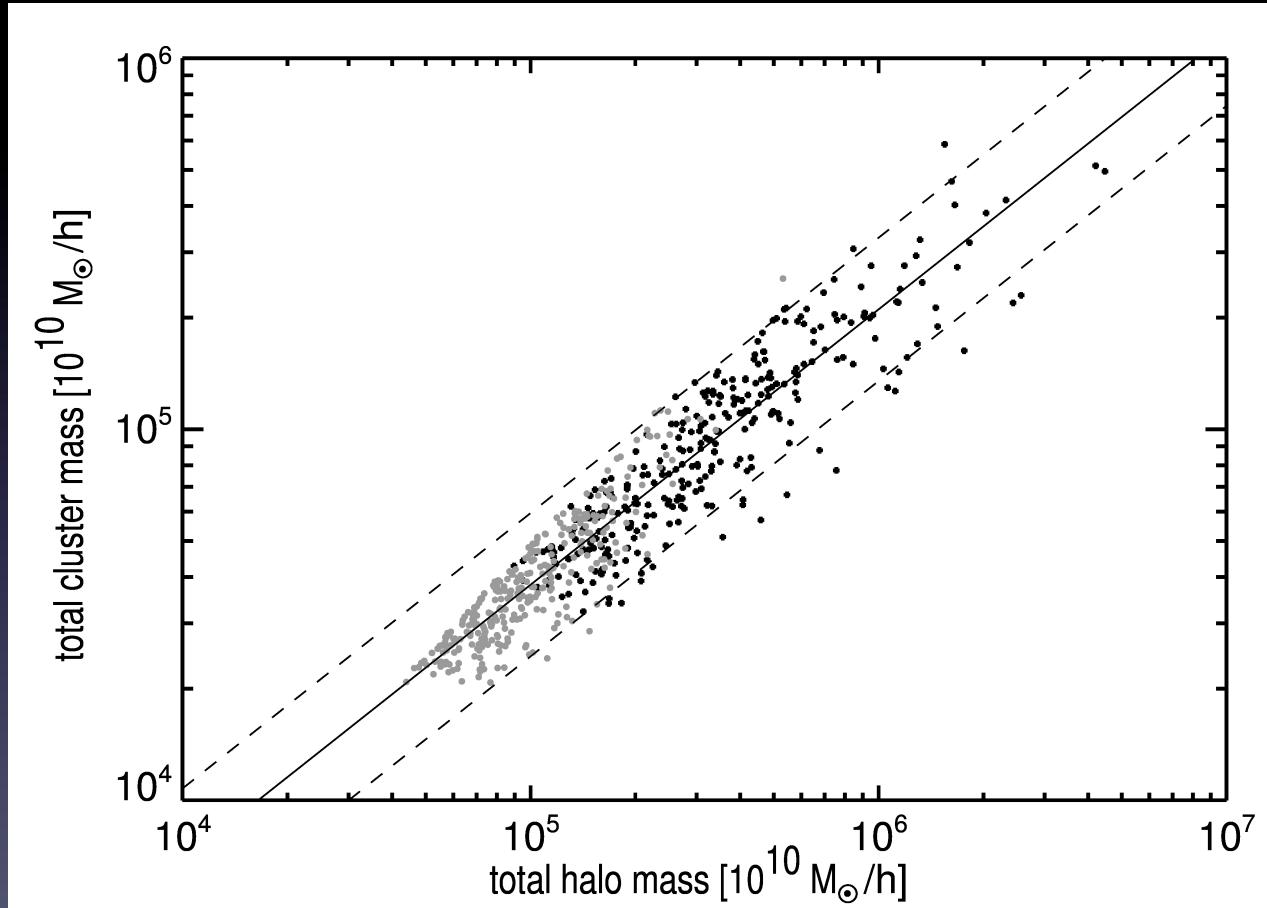
Distribution of REFLEX II superclusters



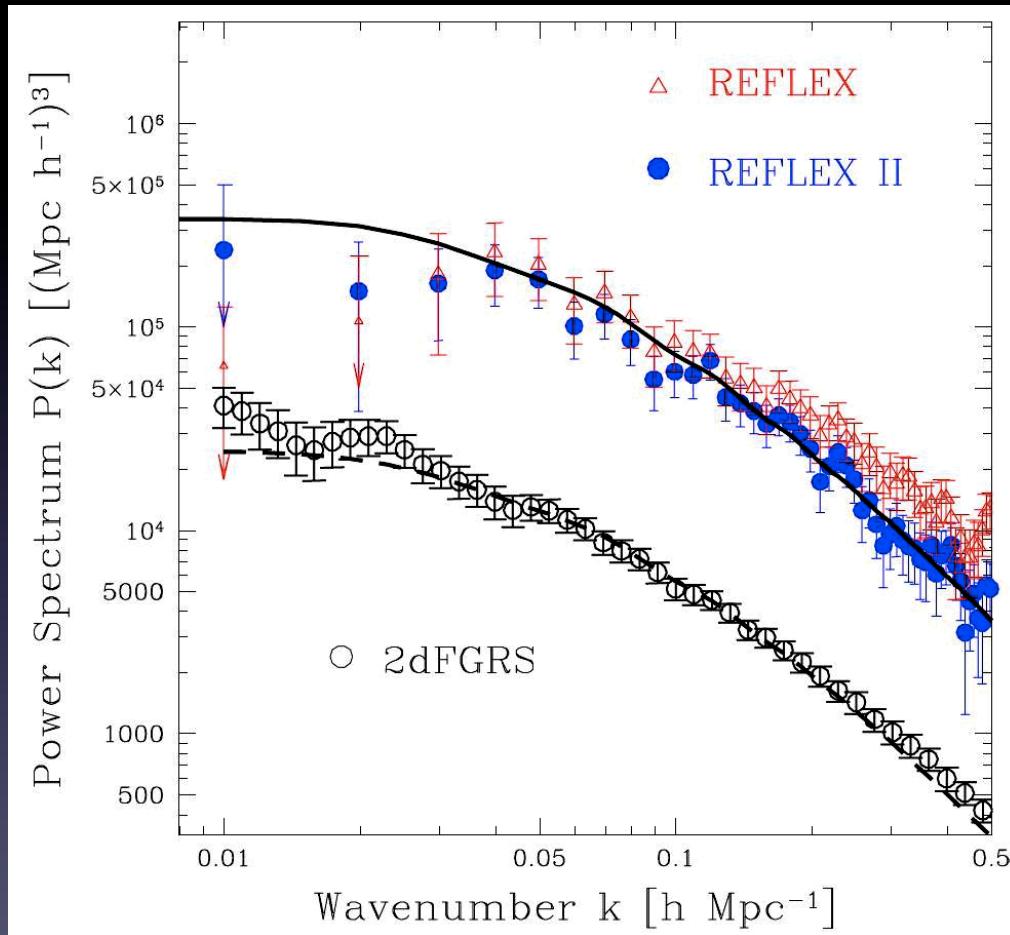
X-ray luminosity function of superclusters



Mass represented by clusters

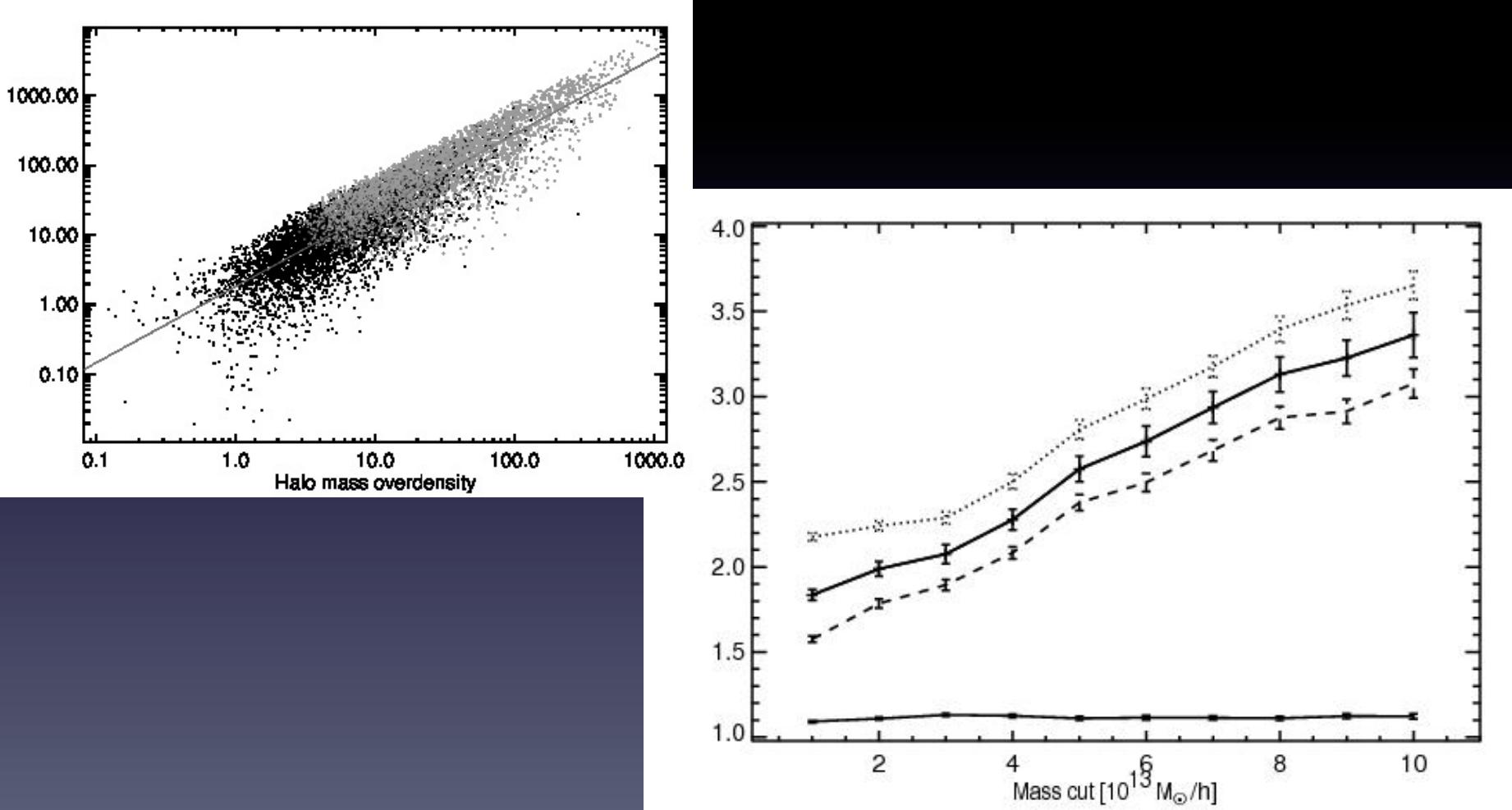


REFLEX II power spectrum and bias

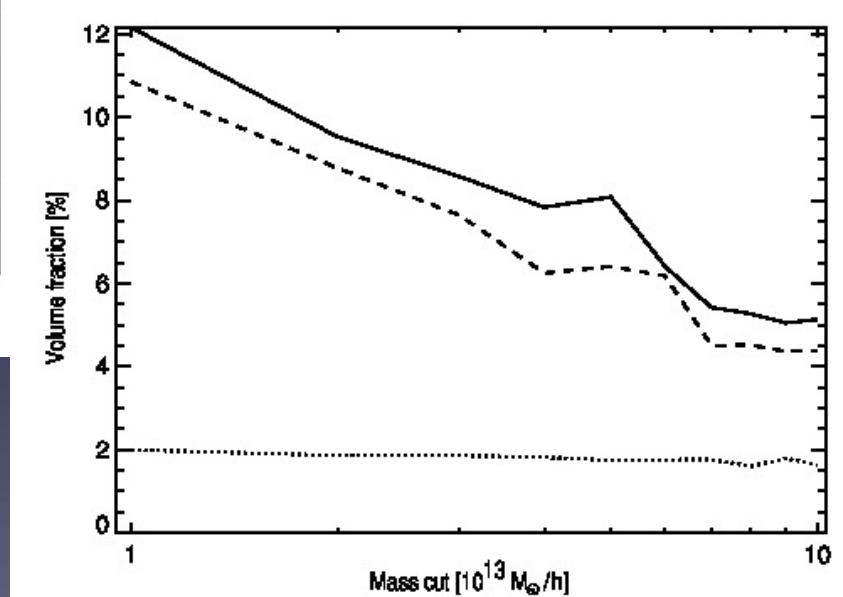
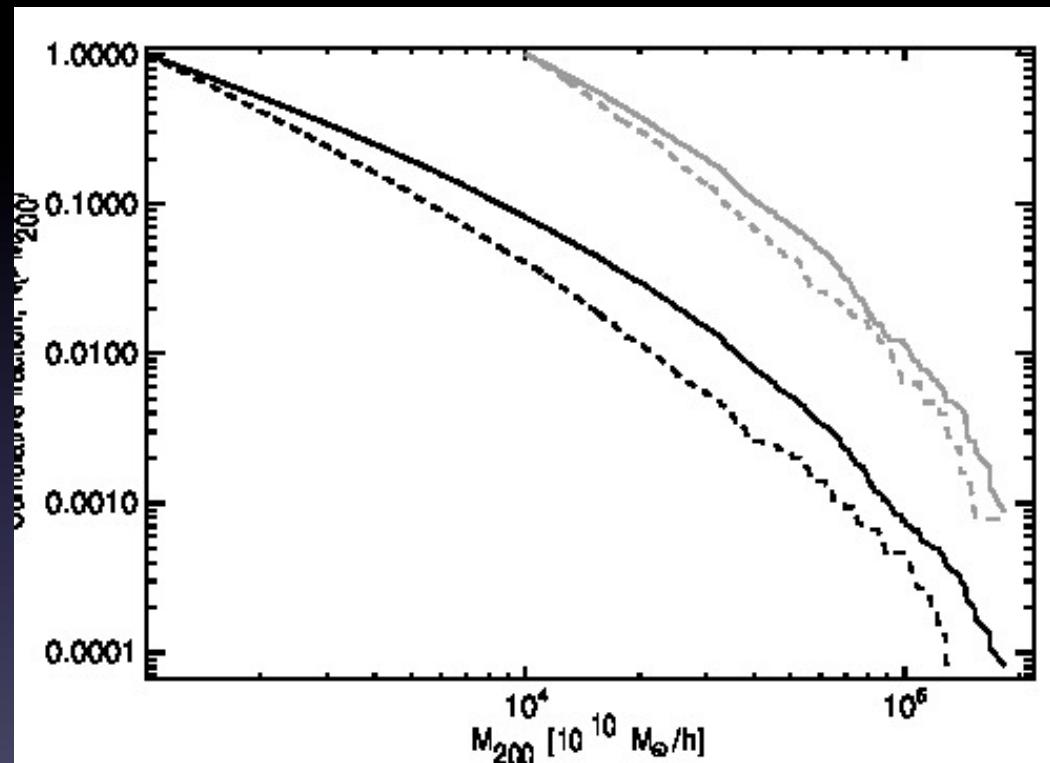


Balaguera-Antolinez et al. 2010

Cluster bias: local measurement



Supercluster environment probed by mass function and volume fraction



Summary

- Characterising our Universe with REFLEX cluster survey
 - Cosmological constraints
 - Statistical description of large scale structure
 - First X-ray supercluster catalogue
 - Superclusters provide special environment : luminosity function and volume fraction